

## Contents

Features

Specifications

Continual printability

Viscosity variation

Intermittent printability

Tack time

Heat slump

Solder balling

Fine pattern wetting

Anti-Pillow defect

Voiding

Voltage applied SIR

Handling guide

# Koki no-clean & cleanable **LEAD FREE** solder paste

## S3X58-A230

## Product information



This Product Information contains product performance assessed strictly according to our own test procedures and may not be compatible with results at end-users.



## Contents

### Features

#### Specifications

#### Continual printability

#### Viscosity variation

#### Intermittent printability

#### Tack time

#### Heat slump

#### Solder balling

#### Fine pattern wetting

#### Anti-Pillow defect

#### Voiding

#### Voltage applied SIR

#### Handling guide

## Product Features

- Solder alloy composition is **Sn Ag3.0 Cu0.5**
- Designed for both no-clean and **CLEANING** application
- Easy removal of the **FLUX RESIDUE**
- **PERFECT MELTING** and wetting at fine pitch (0.4mm pitch) and micro components (0.25mm dia CSP, 1005 chip).
- Designed to prevent occurrence of **HIDDEN PILLOW DEFECTS**.



## Contents

Features

Specifications

Continual printability

Viscosity variation

Intermittent printability

Tack time

Heat slump

Solder balling

Fine pattern wetting

Anti-Pillow defect

Voiding

Voltage applied SIR

Handling guide

## Specifications

Application		Printing – Stencil
Product		<b>S3X58-A230</b>
Alloy	Composition (%)	Sn Ag3.0 Cu0.5
	Melting point (°C)	217 - 219
	Shape	Spherical
	Particle size (μm)	20 – 38
Flux	Halide content (%)	0.06 ± 0.01
	Flux type <sup>*3</sup>	ROL1
Product	Flux content (%)	12.0 ± 0.01
	Viscosity <sup>*1</sup> (Pa.S)	170 ± 20
	Copper plate corrosion <sup>*2</sup>	Passed
	Tack time	> 24 hours
	Shelf life (below 10°C)	6 months

1. Viscosity : Malcom spiral type viscometer, PCU-205 at 25°C 10rpm
2. Copper plate corrosion : In accordance with JIS
3. Flux type : According to IPC J-STD-004A



## Contents

Features

Specifications

Continual printability

Viscosity variation

Intermittent printability

Tack time

Heat slump

Solder balling

Fine pattern wetting

Anti-Pillow defect

Voiding

Voltage applied SIR

Handling guide

## Specifications – Alloy selections

**S3X - 58 - A230**

↓ Alloy composition      ↓ Particle size      ↓ Flux number

Alloy composition (%)	<b>S3X</b> : Sn Ag3.0 Cu0.5
Particle size (μ m)	<b>58</b> : 20 ~ 38
Flux number	Solids and solvent used



## Contents

Features

Specifications

Continual printability

Viscosity variation

Intermittent printability

Tack time

Heat slump

Solder balling

Fine pattern wetting

Anti-Pillow defect

Voiding

Voltage applied SIR

Handling guide

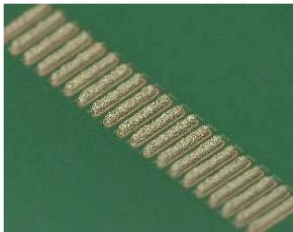
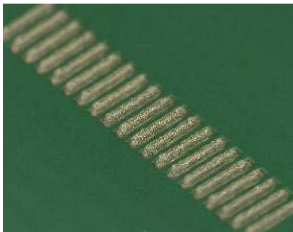
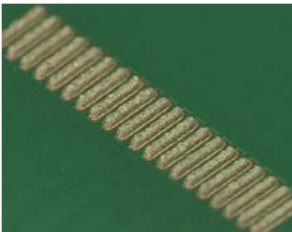
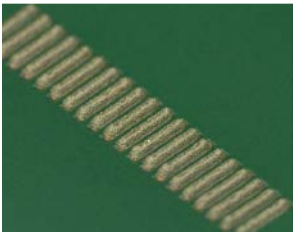


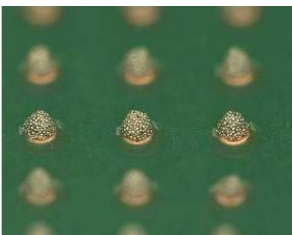

## Continual printability

### Print parameters

Stencil : 0.12mm thickness, laser cut stencil  
Printer : Model Yamaha YVP-Xg  
Squeegee : Metal blade, Angle - 60°  
Print speed : 40 mm/sec  
Stencil separation speed : 10.0 mm/sec  
Atmosphere : 24.5~25.5° C (50~60%RH)

### Test patterns

1. QFP pad pattern : Width 0.2 mm  
Length 1.5 mm Distance 0.2 mm  
2. MBGA pad pattern : Diameter 0.25 mm

	1 <sup>st</sup> ;print	10 <sup>th</sup> print	1 <sup>st</sup> print after 200 strokes	10 <sup>th</sup> print after 200 strokes
QFP pattern (0.4mm pitch)				
MBGA Pad pattern (0.25mm dia.)				

## Contents

Features

Specifications

Continual printability

Viscosity variation

Intermittent printability

Tack time

Heat slump

Solder balling

Fine pattern wetting

Anti-Pillow defect

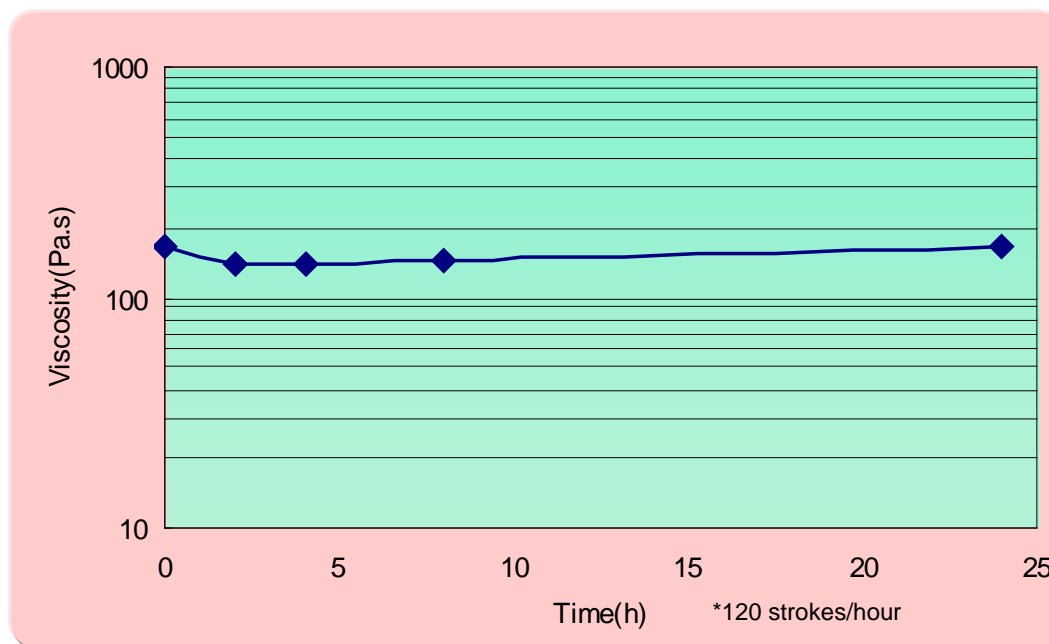
Voiding

Voltage applied SIR

Handling guide

## Viscosity variation in continual printing

- Print (knead) solder paste on the sealed-up stencil continually up 2880 strokes and observe viscosity variation.
- Squeegee : Metal blades
- Squeegee angle : 60°
- Squeegee speed : 30mm/sec.
- Print stroke : 300mm
- Printing environment : 23.0~26.0°C, 50~60%RH



## Contents

Features

Specifications

Continual printability

Viscosity variation

**Intermittent printability**

Tack time

Heat slump

Solder balling

Fine pattern wetting

Anti-Pillow defect

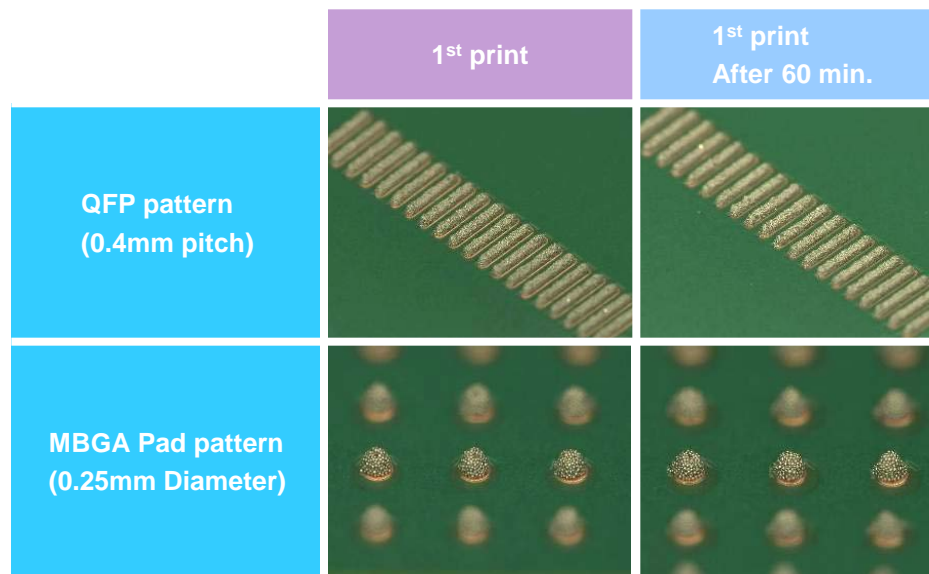
Voiding

Voltage applied SIR

Handling guide

## Intermittent printability (Stencil idle time)

- Print solder paste continuously and stop to idle the paste for 60 min. intervals, and resume the printing and observe the 1st print result to verify intermittent printability.
- Squeegee : Metal blades
- Squeegee angle : 60°
- Squeegee speed : 40mm/sec.
- Print stroke : 300mm
- Printing environment : 24~26°C, 40~60%RH
- Test pattern : QFP pad pattern - Width 0.25 mm Length 1.5 mm Distance 0.2 mm  
MBGA pad pattern - Diameter 0.25 mm



**Newly developed additives provide a lubricating effect that greatly improve the paste release properties and assures excellent print quality with microBGA.**



## Contents

Features

Specifications

Continual printability

Viscosity variation

Intermittent printability

**Tack time**

Heat slump

Solder balling

Fine pattern wetting

Anti-Pillow defect

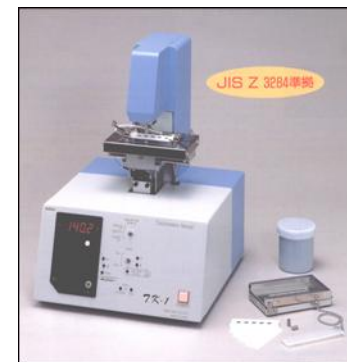
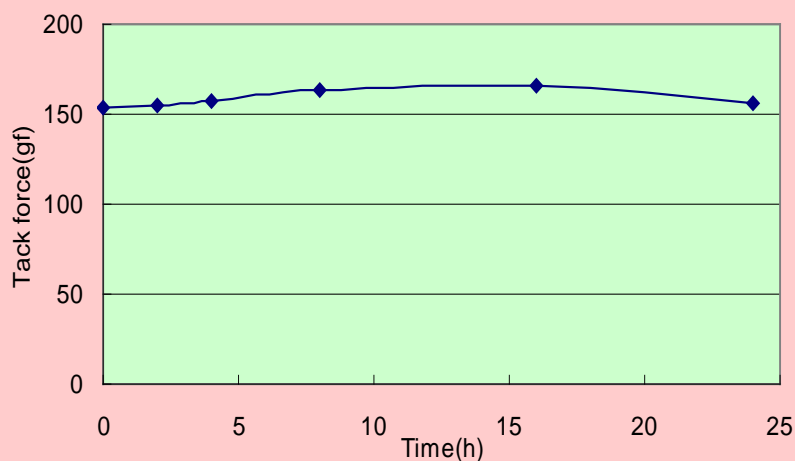
Voiding

Voltage applied SIR

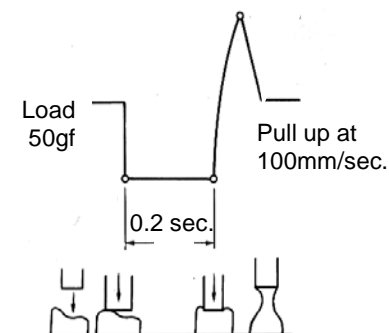
Handling guide

## Tack time

- Stencil : 0.2mm thick, 0.6mm dia. aperture
- Measurement instrument : Malcom tackimeter TK-1
- Probe pressure : 50gf
- Pressurizing time : 0.2sec
- Pull speed : 10mm/sec.
- Test method : In accordance with JIS Z 3284
- Test environment : 24~26°C, 40~60%RH



Tensile strength = Tack force



**Unique solvent system successfully assures sufficient tack time.**





## Contents

Features

Specifications

Continual printability

Viscosity variation

Intermittent printability

Tack time

Heat slump

Solder balling

Fine pattern wetting

Anti-Pillow defect

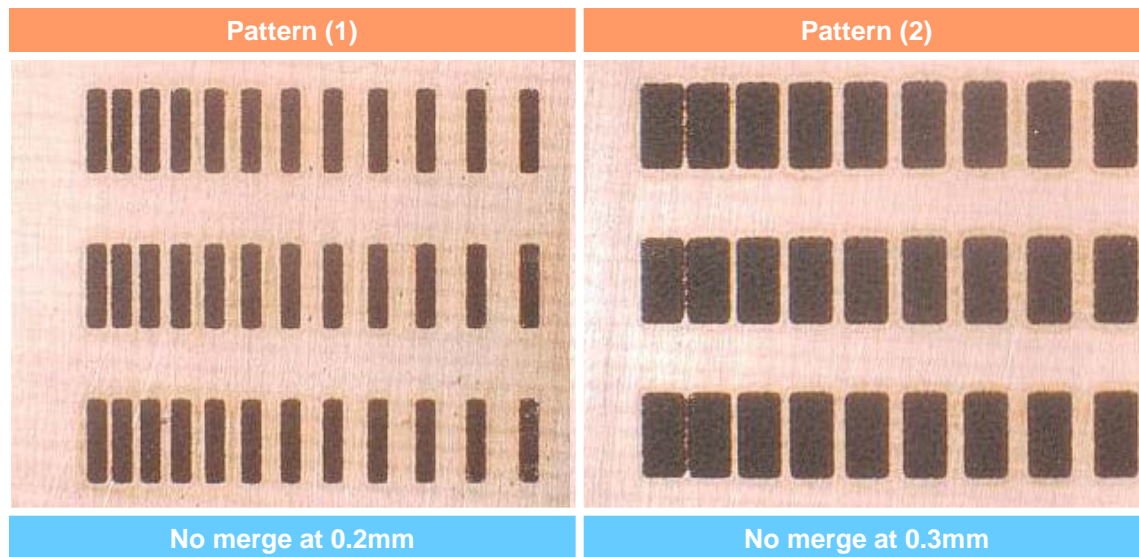
Voiding

Voltage applied SIR

Handling guide

## Heat slump

- Stencil thickness : 0.2mm
- Stencil aperture : Pattern (1) 3.0mm × 0.7mm  
Pattern (2) 3.0mm × 1.5mm
- Spacing between apertures: 0.2mm to 1.2mm
- Heat profile : 180°C × 5min.



Improved heat slump property assures reduced soldering defects, such as solder beading and bridging.



## Contents

Features

Specifications

Continual printability

Viscosity variation

Intermittent printability

Tack time

Heat slump

**Solder balling**

Fine pattern wetting

Anti-Pillow defect





Voiding

Voltage applied SIR

Handling guide

## Solder balling (Residue cosmetics)

- Stencil : 0.2mm thick
- Stencil aperture : 6.5mm diameter
- Solder pot temperature : 250°C
- Test method : In accordance with JIS Z 3284

Category 1	2	3	4
			

1 hour after printing



Category 3

24 hour after printing



Category 3

## Contents

Features

Specifications

Continual printability

Viscosity variation

Intermittent printability

Tack time

Heat slump

Solder balling

**Fine pattern wetting**

Anti-Pillow defect

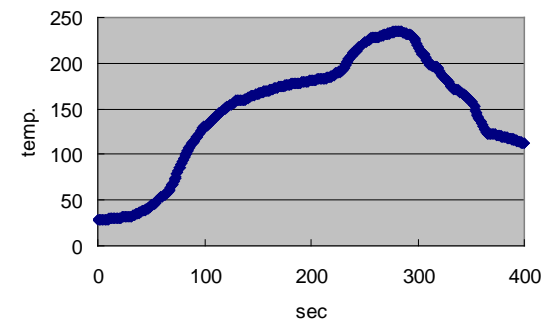
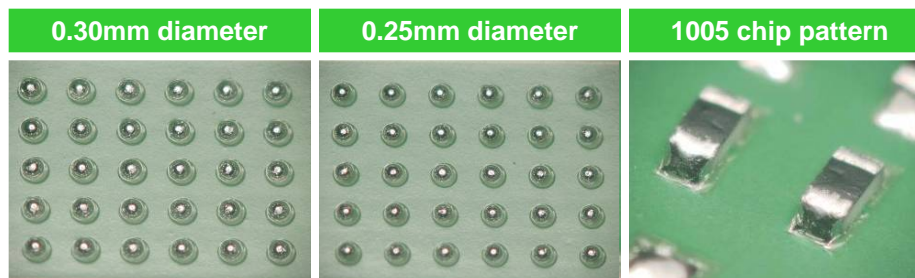
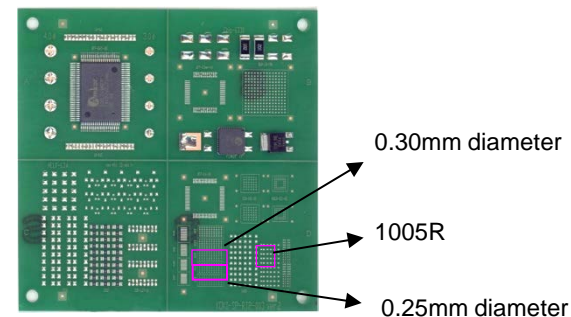
Voiding

Voltage applied SIR

Handling guide

## Fine pattern wetting

- Material : Glass epoxy FR-4
- Surface treatment : OSP
- Stencil thickness : 0.12mm (laser cut)
- Pad size : 0.30mm, 0.25mm diameter
- Component: 1005 chip, (Sn Plated)
- Stencil aperture : 100% aperture opening to pad
- Heat source : Hot air convection
- Zone structure : 5 pre-heat zones +2 peak zones
- Atmosphere : Air
- Reflow profile : See below



Larger relative surface areas of solder paste exposed due to miniaturization of components (CSP, 0603 chips), often cause incomplete melting due to excess oxidation during the reflow. An improved flux formula ensures complete coalescence by minimum deterioration of barrier performances .



## Contents

Features

Specifications

Continual printability

Viscosity variation

Intermittent printability

Tack time

Heat slump

Solder balling

Fine pattern wetting

Anti-Pillow defect

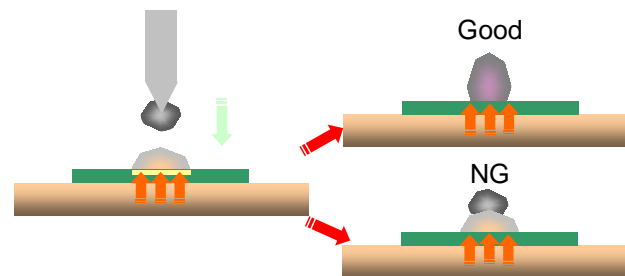
Voiding

Voltage applied SIR

Handling guide

## Anti-Pillow test

- Material : Glass epoxy FR-4
- Surface treatment : OSP
- Stencil thickness : 0.12mm (laser cut)
- Pad size : 0.8 × 0.8mm diameter
- Component : 0.76mm ball SAC305
- Stencil aperture : 100% aperture opening to pad
- Heat source : Solder pod 275°C
- mount interval : 10sec



Drop solder ball every 10 sec. after the solder paste has melted to see heat durability of flux.

	10sec	30sec	50sec
S3X58-A230			
Conventional paste (ROL0)			

**S3X58-A230 indicated heat durability to 50sec., while the conventional solder paste lost activation less than 30 sec. since the solder paste started melting.**



## Contents

Features

Specifications

Continual printability

Viscosity variation

Intermittent printability

Tack time

Heat slump

Solder balling

Fine pattern wetting

Anti-Pillow defect

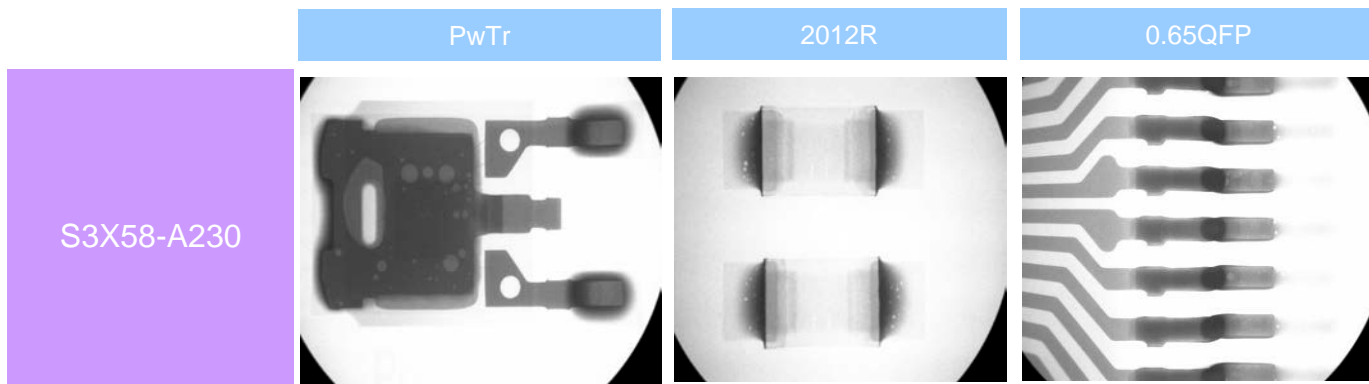
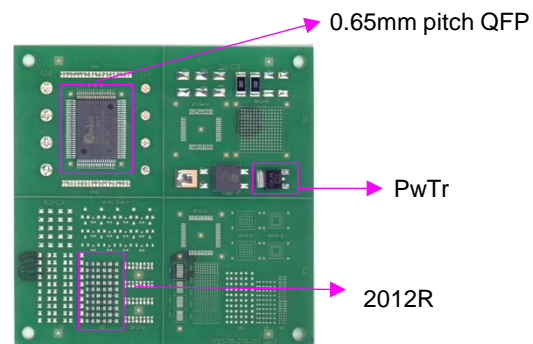
**Voiding**

Voltage applied SIR

Handling guide

## Voiding

- Material : Glass epoxy FR-4
- Surface treatment : OSP
- Stencil thickness : 0.12mm (laser cut)
- Stencil aperture : 100% aperture opening to pad
- Components : PwTr, 2125R, 0.65mm pitch QFP
- Heat source : Hot air convection
- Zone structure : 5 pre-heat zones +2 peak zones
- Atmosphere : Air
- Reflow profile : Same as "Fine pattern wetting"



## Contents

Features

Specifications

Continual printability

Viscosity variation

Intermittent printability

Tack time

Heat slump

Solder balling

Fine pattern wetting

Anti-Pillow defect

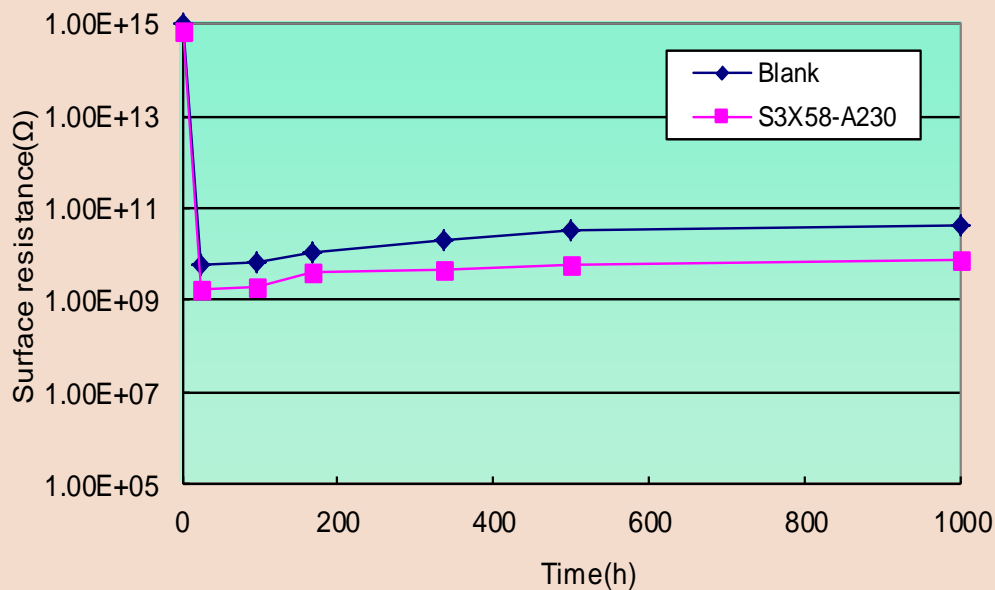
Voiding

Voltage applied SIR

Handling guide

## Voltage applied surface insulation resistance

- Test conditions :  $85 \pm 2^\circ\text{C} \times 83 \sim 87\% \text{RH} \times 1000 \text{ hours}$
- Stencil thickness : 100 micron
- Comb type electrode : JIS type-II
- Measurement voltage : DC100V
- Voltage applied : DC50V
- Test method : JIS Z 3197



No evidence of electromigration can be observed.





## Contents

Features

Specifications

Continual printability

Viscosity variation

Intermittent printability

Tack time

Heat slump

Solder balling

Fine pattern wetting

Anti-Pillow defect

Voiding

Voltage applied SIR

Handling guide

## Handling guide

### 1. Printing

#### 1) Recommended printing parameters

##### (1) Squeegee

1. Kind : Flat
2. Material : Rubber or metal blade
3. Angle : 60~70° (rubber) or metal blade
4. Pressure : Lowest
5. Squeegee speed : 20~80mm/sec.

##### (2) Stencil

1. Thickness : 150~100μm for 0.65~0.4mm pitch pattern
2. Type : Laser or electroform
3. Separation speed : 7.0~10.0mm/sec.
4. Snap-off distance : 0mm

##### (3) Ambiance

1. Temperature : 22~25°C
2. Humidity : 40~60%RH
3. Air draft : Air draft in the printer badly affects stencil life and tack performance of solder pastes.

### 2. Shelf life

0~10°C : 6 months from manufacturing date

\* Manufacturing date can be obtained from the lot number

ex. Lot No. **2 06 19 2**

- No. of lot : 2nd
- Date : 19th
- Month : June
- Year : 2012



## Contents

Features

Specifications

Continual printability

Viscosity variation

Intermittent printability

Tack time

Heat slump

Solder balling

Fine pattern wetting

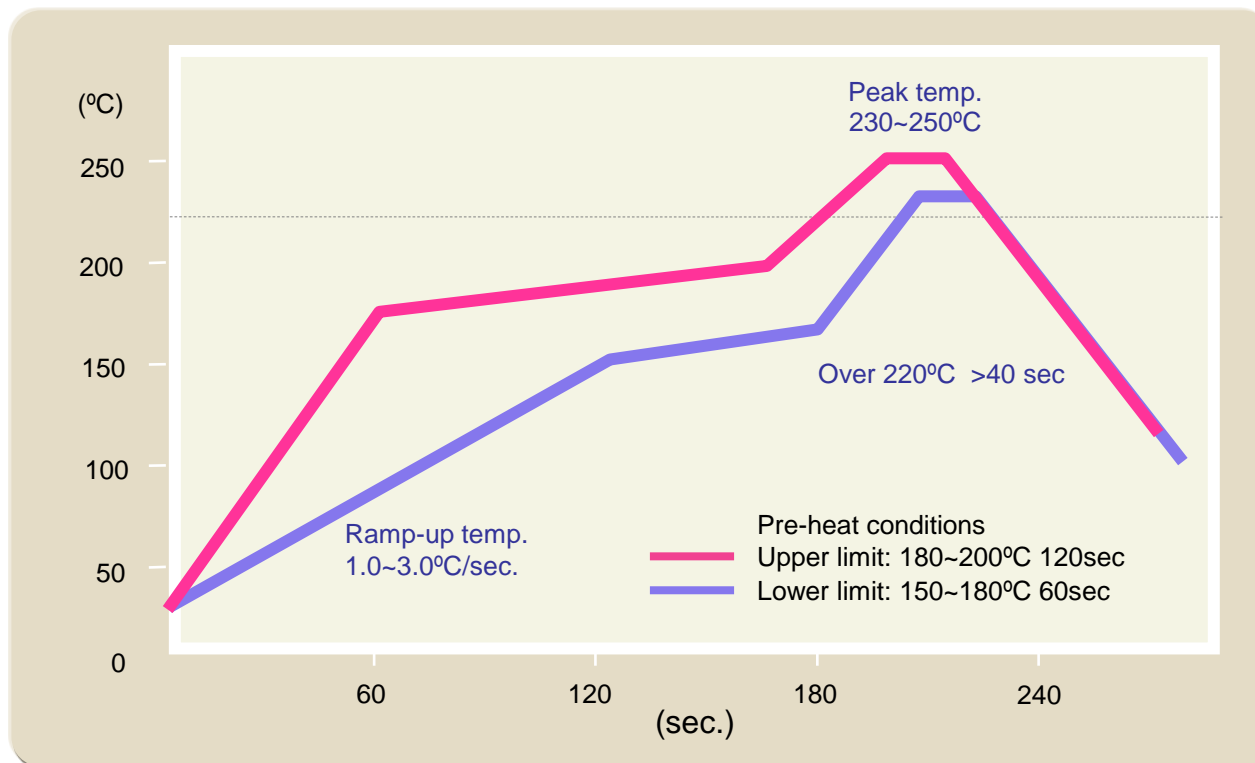
Anti-Pillow defect

Voiding

Voltage applied SIR

Handling guide

## Handling guide - Recommended reflow profile



Excessive pre-heating (time & temperature) may cause excessive oxidation the solder paste, components and substrate.

Relatively short and low pre-heat may be recommendable, especially for fine pitch/micro pattern components .

